

Anti-Fas/CD95 Rabbit mAb

Purified Recombinant Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

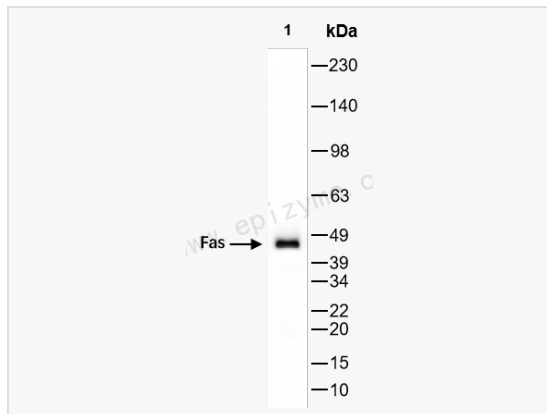
Catalog # R012939

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P/IF (Tissue-P), IF (Cell)/ICC, ELISA
Reactivity	Human
Dilution	WB 1:1,000~1:2,000; IHC-P 1:100~1:200; IF 1:100~1:200
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone No.	17M85L89
Isotype	IgG
Label	Unconjugated
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human Fas
Format	Affinity purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, pH 7.3.
Storage	Shipped on wet ice. Store at -20°C. Stable for 24 months from date of receipt. Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage.
Precautions	Anti-Fas/CD95 Rabbit mAb [17M85L89] is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Synonyms	CD95; APT1; FAS1; TNFRSF6; FAS; Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 6; Apo-1 antigen; Apoptosis-mediating surface antigen FAS; FASLG receptor.
Calculated MW	Calculated MW: 38 kDa; Observed MW: 45 kDa
Uniprot ID	P25445
Gene ID	355
Background	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily. This receptor contains a death domain. It has been shown to play a central role in the physiological regulation of programmed cell death, and has been implicated in the pathogenesis of various malignancies and diseases of the immune system. The interaction of this receptor with its ligand allows the formation of a death-inducing signaling complex that includes Fas-associated death domain protein (FADD), caspase 8, and caspase 10. The autoproteolytic processing of the caspases in the complex triggers a downstream caspase cascade, and leads to apoptosis. This receptor has been also shown to activate NF-kappaB, MAPK3/ERK1, and MAPK8/JNK, and is found to be involved in transducing the proliferating signals in normal diploid fibroblast and T cells. Several alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described, some of which are candidates for nonsense-mediated mRNA decay (NMD). The isoforms lacking the transmembrane domain may negatively regulate the apoptosis mediated by the full length isoform. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2011]
Cellular Location	Isoform 1.Cell membrane.Single-pass type I membrane protein.Membrane raft.Isoform 2.Secreted.Isoform 3.Secreted.Isoform 4.Secreted.Isoform 5.Secreted.Isoform 6.Secreted.



Western Blot - Anti-Fas/CD95 Rabbit mAb [17M85L89]

All lanes: R012939 at 1:1,000 dilution

Lane 1: U87 (Human malignant glioblastoma epithelial cell) whole cell lysates

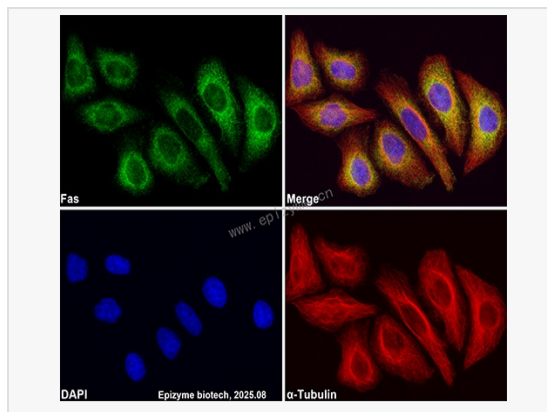
Lysates/proteins at 10 µg per lane.

Secondary antibody: Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L), HRP Conjugated (Cat. No. LF102) at 1:5,000 dilution

Predicted band size: 38 kDa

Observed band size: 45 kDa

Developed using the ECL technique (Cat. No. SQ201).



Immunofluorescence - Anti-Fas/CD95 Rabbit mAb [17M85L89]

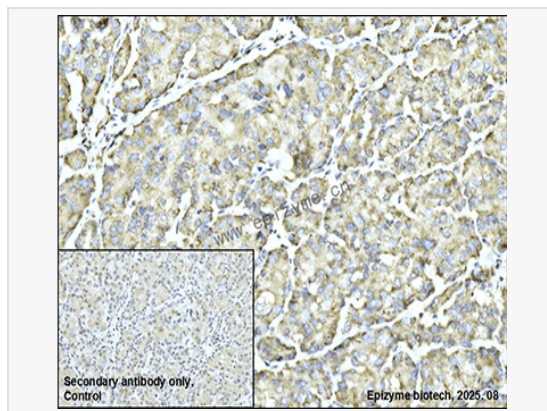
Sample: HeLa cells

The cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde (10 min), permeabilized with 0.5% Triton X-100 for 10 minutes and then blocked with 5% BSA in 0.1% PBS-Tween for 0.5 hours.

Primary antibodies: R012939 at 1:100 dilution and α -tubulin Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Cat. No. LF209) at 1:100 dilution

Secondary antibodies: Goat anti-Rabbit (488) at 1:1,000 dilution (shown in green) and Goat anti-Mouse (555) at 1:1,000 dilution (shown in red)

Nuclei were stained with DAPI (shown in blue).



Immunohistochemistry - Anti-Fas/CD95 Rabbit mAb [17M85L89]

Sample: Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded human ovarian cancer tissue

Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) for 30 mins.

Primary antibody: R012939 at 1:200 dilution

Secondary antibody: Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L), HRP conjugated at 1:1,000 dilution
DAB was used as the chromogen.

Counter stained with hematoxylin.

Positive/negative staining were presented.

Only the secondary antibody was used as the negative control.